the procurement or proposed procurement including, but not limited to: the nature of the procurement deficiency; the degree of prejudice to other parties or to the integrity of the acquisition system; the good faith of the parties; the extent of performance completed; the cost of any proposed remedy to the FAA; the urgency of the procurement; and the impact of the recommendation on the FAA.

(c) Attorney's fees of a prevailing protester are allowable to the extent permitted by the Equal Access to Justice Act, 5 U.S.C. 504(a)(1)(EAJA).

Subpart C—Contract Disputes

§ 17.23 Dispute resolution process for contract disputes.

- (a) All contract disputes arising under contracts subject to the AMS shall be resolved under this subpart.
- (b) Contractors shall file contract disputes with the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition and the CO pursuant to §17.25.
- (c) After filing the contract dispute, the contractor should seek informal resolution with the CO:
- (1) The CO, with the advice of FAA legal counsel, has full discretion to settle contract disputes, except where the matter involves fraud:
- (2) The parties shall have up to twenty (20) business days within which to resolve the dispute informally, and may contact the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition for assistance in facilitating such a resolution; and
- (3) If no informal resolution is achieved during the twenty (20) business day period, the parties shall file joint or separate statements with the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition pursuant to § 17.27.
- (d) If informal resolution of the contract dispute appears probable, the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition shall extend the time for the filing of the joint statement under §17.27 for up to an additional twenty (20) business days, upon joint request of the CO and contractor.
- (e) The Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition shall hold a status conference with the parties within ten (10) business days after receipt of the joint statement required by §17.27, or as soon

thereafter as is practicable, in order to establish the procedures to be utilized to resolve the contract dispute.

(f) The Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition has broad discretion to recommend remedies for a successful contract dispute, that are consistent with the AMS and applicable law.

§ 17.25 Filing a contract dispute.

- (a) Contract disputes are to be in writing and shall contain:
- (1) The contractor's name, address, telephone and fax numbers and the name, address, telephone and fax numbers of the contractor's legal representative(s) (if any) for the contract dispute:
- (2) The contract number and the name of the Contracting Officer;
- (3) A detailed chronological statement of the facts and of the legal grounds for the contractor's positions regarding each element or count of the contract dispute (i.e., broken down by individual claim item), citing to relevant contract provisions and documents and attaching copies of those provisions and documents;
- (4) All information establishing that the contract dispute was timely filed;
- (5) A request for a specific remedy, and if a monetary remedy is requested, a sum certain must be specified and pertinent cost information and documentation (e.g., invoices and cancelled checks) attached, broken down by individual claim item and summarized; and
- (6) The signature of a duly authorized representative of the initiating party.
- (b) Contract disputes shall be filed by mail, in person, by overnight delivery or by facsimile at the following address:
- (1) Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition, Federal Aviation Administration, AGC-70, 3rd Floor, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591, telephone: (202) 267-3290, facsimile: (202) 267-3720; or
- (2) Other address as shall be published from time to time in the FEDERAL REGISTER.
- (c) A contract dispute against the FAA shall be filed with the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition within two (2) years of the accrual of the contract claim involved. A contract dispute by the FAA against a

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contractor (excluding contract disputes alleging warranty issues, fraud or latent defects) likewise shall be filed within two (2) years after the accrual of the contract claim. If an underlying contract entered into prior to the effective date of this part provides for time limitations for filing of contract disputes with The Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition which differ from the aforesaid two (2) year period, the limitation periods in the contract shall control over the limitation period of this section. In no event will either party be permitted to file with the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition a contract dispute seeking an equitable adjustment or other damages after the contractor has accepted final contract payment, with the exception of FAA claims related to warranty issues, gross mistakes amounting to fraud or latent defects. FAA claims against the contractor based on warranty issues must be filed within the time specified under applicable contract warranty provisions. Any FAA claims against the contractor based on gross mistakes amounting to fraud or latent defects shall be filed with the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition within two (2) years of the date on which the FAA knew or should have known of the presence of the fraud or latent defect.

(d) A party shall serve a copy of the contract dispute upon the other party, by means reasonably calculated to be received on the same day as the filing is to be received by the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition.

[Docket No. FAA–1998–4379, 64 FR 32936, June 18, 1999, as amended at 72 FR 68474, Dec. 5, 2007]

§ 17.27 Submission of joint or separate statements.

- (a) If the matter has not been resolved informally, the parties shall file joint or separate statements with the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition no later than twenty (20) business days after the filing of the contract dispute. The Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition may extend this time, pursuant to §17.23(d).
- (b) The statement(s) shall include either—

- (1) A joint request for ADR, and an executed ADR agreement, pursuant to §17.33(d), specifying which ADR techniques will be employed; or
- (2) Written explanation(s) as to why ADR proceedings will not be used and why the Default Adjudicative Process will be needed.
- (c) Such statements shall be directed to the following address:
- (1) Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition, Federal Aviation Administration, AGC-70, 3rd Floor, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591, telephone: (202) 267-3290, facsimile: (202) 267-3720; or
- (2) Other address as shall be published from time to time in the FED-ERAL REGISTER.
- (d) The submission of a statement which indicates that ADR will not be utilized will not in any way preclude the parties from engaging in informal ADR techniques with the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition (neutral evaluation and/or informal mediation) concurrently with ongoing adjudication under the Default Adjudicative Process, pursuant to §17.31(c).

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§ 17.29 Dismissal or summary decision of contract disputes.

- (a) Any party may request, by motion to the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition, that a contract dispute be dismissed, or that a count or portion of a contract dispute be stricken, if:
- (1) It was not timely filed with the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition:
 - (2) It was filed by a subcontractor;
- (3) It fails to state a matter upon which relief may be had; or
- (4) It involves a matter not subject to the jurisdiction of the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition.
- (b) In connection with any request for dismissal of a contract dispute, or to strike a count or portion thereof, the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition should consider any material facts in dispute in a light most favorable to the party against whom the request for dismissal is made.